

WESTERN SENTINEL.

G. W. Johnson

GEO. M. MATHES, Proprietor.

FREE AND INDEPENDENT.

\$1.50 per Year in Advance

VOL. XXVII.

WINSTON, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1883.

NO. 8

The Winston Sentinel.

GEO. M. MATHES, Editor.

TERMS:
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A Certain, Safe and Effective Remedy for SORE, WEAK AND INFLAMED EYES. Producing Long-Sightedness, and Rescuing the Sight of the Old. Cures Tear Drops, Granulation, Stye Tumors, Red Eyes, Matted Eye Lashes, and producing quick relief and permanent cure. Also, equally efficacious when used in other maladies, such as Ulcers, Fever Sores, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Burns, Piles, or where inflammation exists. MITCHELL'S SALVE may be used to advantage. Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents. No. 241 1/2.

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I BEG TO ADVISE THE PUBLIC that I am again back to my old quarters in charge of the

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and the best of reference.
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KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LINE of the imported

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A long practical experience in the art of CUTTING, in New York and in this State, justifies the assertion that I can give a perfect fit, and I guarantee that all goods made up in my establishment give satisfaction.

ALL WORK DONE ON REASONABLE TERMS. My establishment is next door to the HAY HOUSE.

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Every man should have a Life Policy and the Company is desirous of the patronage. Payable promptly and is liberal in its rates and policies.

Winston, N. C., Oct. 28, 1878.

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Winston, N. C., Feb. 15, 1883.

Some Short Proverbs.

Russian.—Pray to God, but continue to row to the shore.

Sanskrit.—Silence is the ornament of the ignorant.

Chinese.—There are two good men. One dead, the other unborn.

Tamil.—The handle of the axe is the enemy of its kind.

Persian.—One pound of learning requires ten pounds of common sense to apply it.

Arabian.—It is hard to chase two hares.

Modern Greek.—Two watermelons cannot be carried under one arm.

"Tis more brave to live than to die." Therefore don't wait till a slight Cough develops itself into consumption but secure a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at the small outlay of 25 cents, cure your Cough and live on happily.

When the button comes off the back of a man's shirt his cholera begins to rise.

Walter S. Nelson, Esq., Monro, N. C., says: "In one week Brown's Iron Bitters cured me of indigestion and sick stomach."

The great superiority of DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP over all other cough remedies is attested by the immense popular demand for that old established remedy.

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For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Infant Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 cents.

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THAT BAD BOY.

"What was the health officer doing over to your house this morning?" said the grocer to the bad boy, as the youth was firing frozen potatoes at the man, who collects garbage in the alley.

"O, they are searching for sewer gas and such things, and they have got plumbers and other society experts, till you can't rest, and I have come away for fear they would find the sewer gas and warm my jacket. Say, do you think it is right, when anything smells awfully, to always lay it to a boy?"

"Well, in nine cases out of ten they would hit it right, but what do you think is the trouble over to your house, honest?"

"S-h-h! Now don't breathe a word of it to a living soul or I am a dead boy. You see I was over to the dairy fair at the exposition building Saturday night, and when they were breaking up, me and my chum helped to carry boxes of cheese and firkins of butter, and a cheese man gave each of us a piece of limberger cheese, wrapped up in tin foil. Sunday morning I opened my piece, and it made me tired. O, it was the offest smell I ever heard of, except the smell when they found a tramp who hung himself in the woods on the Whitefish Bay road, and had been dead three weeks. It was just like an old back number funeral. Pa and ma were just getting ready to go to church, and I cut off a piece of cheese and put it in the inside pocket of pa's vest, and I put another in the lining of ma's muff, and they went to church. I went to church, too, and sat on a back seat with my chum, looking just as pious as though I was taking up a collection. The church was pretty warm, and by the time they got up to sing the first hymn pa's cheese began to smell, a match against ma's cheese. Pa held one side of the hymn book, and ma held the other, and pa he always sings for all that is out and when he braced himself and sang, 'Just as I am,' ma thought pa's voice was tintured with biliousness and she looked at him, and hunched him, and told him to stop singing and breathe through his nose, 'cause his breath was enough to stop a clock. Pa stopped singing and turned around kind of cross towards ma, and then he smelled ma's cheese, and he turned his head the other way and said, 'whew,' and they didn't sing any more, but they looked at each other as though they smelled fry. When they sat down as far apart as they could get, and pa sat next to a woman who used to be a nurse in a hospital, and when she smelled pa's cheese she looked at him as though she thought he had the small-pox, and she held her handkerchief to her nose. The man in the other end of the pew, that ma sat near, he was a stranger from Kagine, who belongs to our church and he looked at ma sort of queer, and after the minister pray'd, and they got up to sing again, the man took his hat and went out, and when he came by he said something in a whisper about a female glue factory. Well, sir, before the sermon was over everybody in that part of the church had their handkerchiefs to their noses, and they looked at pa and ma scandalous, and the two ushers they came around in the pews looking for a dog, and when the minister got over his sermon and wiped the perspiration from his face, he said he would like to have the trustees of the church stay after meeting, as there was some business of importance to transact. He said the question of proper ventilation and sewerage for the church would be brought up, and that he presumed the congregation had noticed this morning that the church was unusually full of sewer gas. He said he had spoken of the matter before, and expected it would be attended to before this. He said he was a meek and humble follower of the lamb, and was willing to cast his lot wherever the Master decided, but he would be blessed if he would preach any longer in a church that smelled like a bone boiling establishment. He said religion was a good thing, but no person could enjoy religion as well in a fattening establishment as he could in a flower garden, and as far as he was concerned he had got enough. Everybody looked at everybody else, and pa looked at ma as though he knew where the sewer gas came from, and ma looked at pa real mad, and me and my chum lit out, and I went home and distributed my cheese all around. I put a slice in ma's bureau drawer, and a piece in the spare room, under the bed, and a piece in the bath-room, in the soap dish, and

persons residing convenient who are liable to work public roads, under section seven of this act; and their names shall be entered in said book under the specifications required in this section. Residence under the provisions of this act is defined to be where each person's family resides, if he has a family living in the district, and if he has no family, then where he boards.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of each supervisor immediately after the division of the roads in his district into sections, to give ten days' notice of a time and place near the center of his district, when and where the various sections shall be separately sold to contractors, to the lowest bidder. The notice required in this section shall be by posting at least ten hand-bills, written or printed, in as many public places in the district. In case there be no bidders, or in case the supervisor may deem any bid too high, he may reject such bid and may sell such section or sections at private sale, and the purchaser of any section shall be termed the overseer of such section.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of such purchaser to sign his name and write the sum he is to receive for repairing and keeping in repair his section under the description, specification and list of hands of said section, contained in the supervisor's book as provided in section 4 of this act, and no supervisor shall become a contractor or sub-contractor for any section sold by him.

Sec. 7. All able-bodied male persons between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, shall be liable annually to perform three days labor on the public roads, under the supervision and control of the overseer of the section to which he is assigned, as provided for in section 4 of this act; Provided, that any such person may be discharged from such labor upon the payment to the overseer the sum of two dollars and fifty cents per annum in lieu thereof; and upon such payment he shall be exempt from road labor in the county for one year.

Sec. 8. Any person assigned to work on public roads as hereinbefore provided, who having been personally warned by the overseer, or by leaving at his usual place of abode, a written notice, who shall refuse or neglect, having at least two days notice as above provided, to attend by himself or able-bodied substitute acceptable to the overseer, with such tool as required in the notice, or having attended, shall refuse to obey the directions of the overseer, or shall spend his time in idleness, every such delinquent, shall forfeit and pay to such overseer the sum of two dollars to be recovered by action before a justice of the peace, and upon failure to pay such judgment on demand shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined five dollars or imprisoned ten days at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of each supervisor of public roads, as soon as practicable after the sale of the various sections within his district, and annually thereafter, to ascertain and report to the board of commissioners of the county the amount of money necessary to repair and keep in repair the public roads in his district for the term of one year, exclusive of the free personal labor herein provided for; whereupon the board of commissioners, with the concurrence of the board of justices of the county, at the first levy term thereafter shall provide for the amount so reported, and any other expense pertaining to the same, by levying an assessment by way of an ad valorem tax, not exceeding seven cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation upon all property in the county, made the subject of ad valorem taxation for state and county purposes, whether such property belong to citizens of incorporated towns or otherwise, and whether such property be taxed to repair streets in such cities or towns or otherwise, and said commissioners shall also levy a poll tax upon all persons (not exempted as provided by law) of not exceeding twenty-four cents, which taxes shall be included in a separate column on the tax books, and shall be collected by the sheriff of the county as other taxes are collected; shall be kept separate and shall constitute when collected the county road fund, to be expended as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 10. The board of commissioners shall, as often as necessary, issue warrants or orders upon the county treasurer, or sheriff, if there be no treasurer, ordering and directing him to pay to any supervisor the amount specified in such order for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act.

Sec. 11. When any supervisor shall be satisfied by inspection or otherwise, that any overseer has complied with his contract upon his section, he shall pay the amount due under said contract out of any moneys in hand furnished him for the purpose by the commissioners, as provided in the preceding section, and as the work upon any section progresses, he may at his discretion advance from time to time such sum to any overseer as may be necessary, not exceeding at any time the proportion due for such work then performed.

Sec. 12. It shall be the duty of each supervisor during the month of October in each year to personally inspect all the public roads in his district and report the same to the board of commissioners at their November meeting.

Sec. 13. Each supervisor shall keep a regular account of the time necessarily employed by him and the expenses necessarily incurred, with the date of each item thereof, and render a sworn statement thereof to the board of commissioners of the county annually, or oftener, and the said board of commissioners shall audit the same and if found correct shall order the payment thereof, or so much thereof as may be just and reasonable, and such amount shall be paid out of the fund assessed to his district for road purposes.

Sec. 14. Every supervisor shall be allowed for his services such sum as may be fixed by the board of commissioners not to exceed two dollars per day for every full day necessarily employed by him in performing the duties required of him; and if he be liable to work on the public roads, the sum of two dollars and fifty cents shall be deducted from his compensation as supervisor.

Sec. 15. For the purpose of repairing public roads, the various overseers provided for in this act shall have the authority to enter upon any uncultivated land near to, or adjoining his section of road, or any improved or cultivated land when unincumbered by cultivated crops, to cut and carry away timber, except trees or groves left for ornament or shade, to dig or cause to be dug and carried away any gravel, earth, sand or stone which may be necessary to improve or repair said road; and to enter upon any lands adjoining or lying near the road, to make such drains or ditches through the same as may be necessary for the benefit of the road, doing as little injury to the land as possible; and any person wilfully obstructing such drains or ditches when made, shall forfeit for each offence the sum of five dollars, to be paid to the overseer and to be recovered by him by action before a justice of the peace, and upon failure to pay said judgment, on demand, the person offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than ten nor more than twenty dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding twenty days.

Sec. 16. Any person considering himself damaged by the removal of earth or the cutting of timber as provided for in the preceding section, may prefer his claim before the board of commissioners of the county, and when by reference or otherwise, the same may be believed to be paid out of any moneys belonging to the road fund for the district wherein such damage accrued; Provided, that such claim for damage shall be made within three months; Provided further, that in case any owner maliciously damages any land owner near his section, he shall be personally liable therefor.

Sec. 17. It shall be the duty of each overseer to erect and keep up at each fork or cross road along his section a post and guide board, containing an inscription in plain letters and figures directing the way and distance to towns and places of note to which the roads respectively lead, and any person wilfully defacing or throwing down such guide boards shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 18. The board of commissioners of each county shall have power and authority to lay out and provide for the opening new public roads, when public convenience requires it, and discontinue any public road at discretion.

Sec. 19. The board of commissioners of any county, after the board of justices have adopted an alternative road system, as prescribed in this act, may, if they think best, instead of appointing a supervisor and having the public roads of any township laid off in sections as provided for in this act, let all the public roads in said town-

ship to one supervisor to be selected by them, and contract with such supervisor to work the public roads in such township; and in such case, such supervisor shall take and subscribe an oath, as prescribed in section three of this act, and execute a bond with security to be approved by the board of commissioners, and in such case said supervisor shall hold his office for the same term and under the same conditions, with the same powers and limitations, applicable to supervisors appointed under the former provisions of this act, with the power to divide the roads in his township into sections, assign hands to the same, to compel the performance of labor in the same way and under the same regulations, and with the same right to enforce penalties, conferred by this act upon supervisors and overseers of districts and sections, and shall make report of his roads and render accounts of service and expenditures, as required by supervisors generally, according to the provisions of this act; and in case of failure to perform his duties, he shall be liable upon his official bond to the county.

Sec. 20. The board of commissioners shall have the same authority to exempt from labor on the public roads on account of physical inability as is now conferred upon them by law.

Sec. 21. Every supervisor, upon going out of office, shall on demand deliver to his successor all books, accounts and papers pertaining to his office, and pay over to such successor all moneys in hand by virtue of his office, taking duplicate receipts therefor, one of which shall be filed with the register of deeds; and upon failure to pay over such moneys on demand, he shall be liable for double the amount found in his hands, to be recovered in an action in the name of the board of commissioners of the county.

Sec. 22. For the purpose of carrying out the purpose designed by this act, the board of commissioners of any county, whenever the board of justices of each county shall determine to adopt an alternative system of working public roads, may from time to time change the system of working public roads in the county, make and establish other rules and by laws, all to be entered on their minutes, for the regulation of labor and work upon public roads of the county, and impose penalties for a violation thereof. And in case the board of justices of any county fail to adopt the alternative system for their county, then and in that case the board of commissioners for such county, upon a petition being presented to them signed by a majority of the qualified voters of any township in the county praying for the same, may in their discretion, by order entered upon their minutes, adopt the alternative system to be made applicable to such township only, and in such case the roads in such township worked as directed in this act, and the taxes or assessments upon property and polls of citizens of such townships, shall be levied and collected as other taxes and applied as required under the provisions of this act; Provided, that the rate of taxation shall in no case exceed the limitation prescribed in section nine of this act; Provided further, that whenever under this provision of supervisors is provided for, such supervisors may be elected by the qualified voters of any township if the commissioners so direct, and in such case, it shall be the duty of such board to provide suitable machinery for taking such vote and give proper notice of such election.

Sec. 23. All persons confined in the county jail or other place of confinement either under final sentence of a court for crime or imprisonment for the non-payment of fines or costs, or under final judgment in cases of bastardy or under the vagrant acts, all persons sentenced to the state prison for a term less than one year, shall be available to the county commissioners for the purpose of working them upon the public roads; and upon the application of any supervisor or overseer, having an order from the county commissioners, it shall be the duty of the jailor or sheriff, or other officer having such prisoners in custody, to deliver the same to such supervisor or overseer, and in case such prisoner escapes from custody, the sheriff or other officer shall be exonerated from liability.

Sec. 24. Prisoners liable to the county for costs, while working on public roads should be allowed so much per day, as in the opinion of the board of commissioners such services are worth, which amount

(Continued on Second Page)

An Act to be Entitled an Act Providing an Alternative Method of Constructing and Keeping in Repair Public Roads

Introduced by Mr. Watson.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

SECTION 1. That the board of justices of the peace of any county in this state, at any regular meeting, or at any meeting called by the board of commissioners of the county, may by a majority vote, (a quorum composed of a majority of the justices in the county being present,) adopt an alternative method of constructing and keeping in repair the public roads of such county as provided in this act.

Sec. 2. Each township in the county shall constitute a road district, and when a county shall have adopted the provisions of this act, as provided in section one, it shall be the duty of the board of commissioners of such county at their next regular meeting after such adoption of this act, and biennially thereafter, to appoint a supervisor of roads for each road district; said supervisor shall hold his office for the term of two years beginning on the day of his qualification. Vacancies in the office of supervisor of roads shall be filled by appointment by the board of commissioners; and any supervisor may be removed from office by the board of county commissioners, on ten days' notice, for neglect of duty, or misappropriation of funds.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the clerk of the board of commissioners to give written notice to such appointee of his appointment, as soon thereafter as practicable; and each person so appointed shall appear at the next regular meeting of the board of commissioners, or at some special meeting named in said notice, and qualify by taking an oath to faithfully account for all moneys coming into his hands as such; and before entering upon the duties of his office he shall execute a bond with security to be approved by the board, and in such a penal sum as the board may require, payable to the county, and conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties and the faithful accounting for all moneys coming into his hands as supervisor.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of each supervisor within twenty days from his qualification, (provided he be not appointed to fill a vacancy,) to lay out and divide all the public roads in his district in sections not exceeding two miles in length, (except by order of the board of commissioners,) which sections he shall number and describe in a book kept by him for that purpose, and he shall specify the nature and extent of the work which he may deem necessary for improving and keeping in repair such section of said road, for a period embracing his official term. He may also specify the month or months in which the work shall be done. He shall also assign to each section such

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Gold and Silver Watches,
Gold Rings, Bracelets, Chains, Necklaces, Earrings,
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